## Stage changes: narratives and exercises

## How does the UK 5th edition differ from the UK4th edition? Can the resources I have developed for my teaching still be used with the new edition?

Although you will see many changes in this new edition, it is likely that you will be able to use most of your resources with only a few changes. This document lists every change in the following sections:

- the model sentences which start a Stage
- the stories and their glossing
- About the language

There are separate documents listing the changes to the Vocabulary checklists and the Language Information section at the back of the book.

Practising the language has been revised more comprehensively, more information about this can be found in the Teacher's Guide Introduction 3. Structure of the CLC and 4. Planning and teaching. and more information can be found in the Teacher's Guide. Mark schemes are available for each set of questions in the textbook.

A detailed guide to why changes were carried out can be found in the 'Introduction to the changes' document.

## Stage One

## Model Sentences

Caecilius' family has been expanded to include his daughter, Lucia. There is a new illustration showing many of the characters.

- Sentences 4, 11 and 18 have been inserted to include Lucia in the family.
- Sentences 12 and 19 have been changed to place Clemens in the bedroom, expanding the number of rooms in the house included in the sentences.

The Vocabulary has been expanded to include the new vocabulary used, including
the title 'familia'. The new words are:

- familia household
- filia daughter
- in cubiculō in the bedroom
- legit is reading

There are some changes to the glossing of the Vocabulary. These changes are continued in the Book One Dictionary. The glossing changes are:

- servus (male) slave (changed from slave)
- in ātriō in the atrium (changed from in the atrium (main room))
- in trīclīniō in the dining room (changed from in the dining-room)


## Narratives

## Cerberus

The first story remains substantially the same as in the UK 4th edition, but Lucia is now included in events. Metella is also more active within the household.
nb line numbers refer to the UK 5th edition where the new content can be found.

- lines 1-2 servus est in ātriō. servus in ātriō labōrat has been replaced with Lūcia est in hortō. Lūcia in hortō scrībit
- lines 2-3 Metella in ātriō sedet has been replaced with Metella in ātriō legit
- line 5 coquus est in culīnā has been replaced with Grumiō est in culīnā


## About the language

Examples have been changed to reflect better practice.
nb numbers here refer to the sections on the page(s) in the 5th edition.
2 the example servus in culīnā labōrat. The slave is working in the kitchen has been replaced with Lūcia in hortō legit. Lucia is reading in the garden the example labōrat has been replaced with legit
the example used has been changed from servus in culīnā labōrat to canis in viā dormit

A 'call out box' has been inserted to direct students to a new section where there are exercises to help students review the language they have learned. These exercises are based upon the Practising the language exercises from the 4th edition.

## Stage Two

Model Sentences

Alterations have been made to sentences 5-8 to aid student observation of inflections.

- In sentences 5 and 6, Quīntus and Quīntum have been replaced by filius and filium.
- In sentences 7 and 8, servus and servum have been replaced by filia and filiam.
- In sentence 15, parātus has been replaced with pāvō to create a more concrete link with the illustration.


## Narratives

The overall narrative remains almost identical to the UK 4th Edition, but the visiting friend is now identified as Barbillus. This character will play an increasingly important role across Books I and II. The enslaved woman who sings for Caecilius is also identified. She is Poppaea, 'loaned' from Lucrio to impress Barbillus, and the two hungry enslaved characters in this story begin their friendship.

## mercātor

Most changes here are to embed Barbillus into the narrative.

- lines 1-2 amīcus est mercātor has been replaced with amīcus est Barbillus. Barbillus est mercātor.
- line 9 amīcus quoque intrat has been replaced with Barbillus quoque intrat.
- line 14 Caecilius Grumiōnem vituperat has been replaced with Caecilius


## Grumiōnem vocat.

There are some changes to the glossing for this story:

- pāvōnem coquit and cēnam exspectat are glossed as phrases.
- audit has been listed with the common alternative listens to.
- vocat calls has been added.
in triclīniō

Most changes here are to embed Barbillus into the narrative and to introduce Poppaea, who has been loaned by Lucrio to Caecilius for the evening.

- line 5 mercātor cēnam laudat has been replaced with cēna Barbillum dēlectat.
- lines 7-8 ancilla suāviter cantat. ancilla dominum dēlectat. ancilla mercātōrem dēlectat has been replaced with ancilla est Poppaea. Poppaea suāviter cantat. dominus Poppaeam audit et vīnum bibit.
- line 11 The exclamation mark after Grumiō cibum cōnsūmit et vīnum bibit has been removed.
- lines 13-14 The sentences Poppaea coquum spectat. coquus ancillam vocat. Poppaea cibum gustat et Grumiōnem laudat. have been added and coquus ancillam spectat. ancilla Grumiōnem dēlectat. Grumiō ancillam dēlectat. removed.

There are some changes to the glossing for this story:

- dēlectat now occurs earlier in the story
- ancilla (female) slave (changed from slave-girl, maid)
- et and and mox soon occur in a different order in the story
- cōnsūmit eats is glossed without cibum
- magnificē impressively, magnificently (changed from magnificently, in style)

About the language

Examples have been changed to reflect better practice.
1 the example ancilla has been replaced with filia

4 Metella Grumiōnem laudat has been replaced with Metella Grumiōnem salūtat and the translation changed accordingly
the examples have been changed:

- coquus culīnam intrat The cook enters the kitchen has been replaced with Metella culīnam intrat. Metella enters the kitchen
- Clēmēns vīnum portat Clemens carries the wine has been replaced with Caecilius pecūniam numerat. Caecilius is counting money


## Stage Three

Model Sentences

As in the UK 4th Edition, there are no model sentences in this stage.

## Narratives

The stories follow the same overall pattern as the UK 4th Edition, starting in the forum and moving through Caecilius' interactions with a range of new characters who work in Pompeii. The character of Celer the painter has been replaced by Clara the artist, and the story örnātrīx now juxtaposes the experiences of Caecilius, Syphax, Metella and Melissa.
in forō

The main change in this narrative is to introduce Clara who replaces Celer.

- lines 3-4 pictor in forō ambulat. pictor est Celer. Celer Caecilium salūtat has been replaced with artifex in forō ambulat. artifex est Clāra. Clāra Caecilium salūtat.

There are some changes to the glossing for this story:

- negōtium agit is doing business (changed from is working, is doing business)
- pictor painter, artist has been removed
- artifex artist has been added
- vēnālīcius slave dealer (changed from slave-dealer)
pictor
The main change in this narrative is to expand the story of Clara who replaces Celer.
- This story has been renamed artifex
- Throughout the name Celer/Celerem has been replaced with Clāra/Clāram
- Throughout the word pictor/pictōrem has been replaced with artifex/ artificem
- lines 13-15 Caecilius pictūram intentē spectat et pictūram laudat has been replaced with Caecilius filiam vocat. filia ad trīclīnium venit. Lūcia pictūram intentē spectat et artificem laudat.

There are some changes to the glossing for this story:

- ad villam to the house, towards the house (changed from to the house)
- ad iānuam to the door is no longer glossed
- vocat calls is no longer glossed
- magnus leō big lion is glossed as a phrase
- petit is attacking (changed from is going for, is attacking)
- fūstem tenet is holding a club is glossed as a phrase
tōnsor

The Latin of this story is unchanged.
There is a single glossing change: multus sanguis much blood is glossed as a phrase.

The questions which accompany the story have been adapted.

## vēnālīcius

This story has been renamed as ōrnātrīx and has been reworked. There are, therefore, substantial changes throughout this passage.

The following glosses have been added:

- ōrnātrīx hairdresser, stylist
- portum harbour
- anxia worried
- cupit wants
- crīnem compōnit arranges hair
- stolam dress

The following glosses have been changed:

- prope nāvem near a ship (changed from near the ship)
- linguam Latīnam discit is learning the Latin language is glossed as a phrase
- docta skilful (changed from skilful, educated)

The following glosses have been removed:

- ad portum to the harbour
- nāvem Syriam Syrian ship
- prope nāvem near the ship
- contentus satisfied
- pulchra beautiful
- ēheu! oh dear! oh no!


## About the Language

1 a call out box has been inserted directing students to About the language in Stage 2 on nominative and accusative nouns
the example ancilla has been replaced with filia

3 the example servus has been replaced with amīcus, and amīcus has been replaced with cibus

## Stage Four

Model Sentences
The changes here are to include the new characters.

- In 4, Syphāx: ego sum vēnālīcius. ego servum vēndō has been replaced with Barbillus: ego sum mercātor. ego vīnum vēndō
- In 6, Celer: ego sum pictor. ego leōnem pingō has been replaced with Clāra: ego sum artifex. ego leōnem pingō
- In 8, Quīntus has been replaced with Lūcia
- In 10, Quīntus has been replaced with Lūcia and vēnālīcius: ego servum vēndō has been replaced with mercātor: ego vīnum vēndō
- In 12, Quīntus has been replaced with Lūcia and pictor has been replaced with artifex.
- In 14, vēnālīcius: ego sum Syphāx has been replaced with artifex: ego sum Clāra
- In 15, servus: ego sum Clēmēns. has been replaced with tōnsor: ego sum Pantagathus


## Narratives

The narratives in this Stage are unchanged.

## Hermogenēs

The Latin for this story has not been changed.
There is a single glossing change: signum seal (changed from seal, sign)
in basilicā

The Latin for this story has not been changed.
There are some changes to the glossing for this story:

- Pompēiānus Pompeian (changed from a citizen of Pompeii)
- meus my (changed from my, mine)


## About the Language

There are now two About the language sections in this Stage. About the Language 1 covers the same content as Stage 4 About the language in the UK 4th Edition. About the language 2 covers the content originally covered in Stage 11 About the language 2.

## About the language 1

1 in the examples ancilla has been replaced with filia, and servus has been replaced with amīcus

3 in the examples ancilla has been replaced with filia, and servus has been replaced with amīcus

4 in the example servus has been replaced with amīcus

5 the further examples have been edited in the following ways:
a Caecilius has been replaced with Lūcia
c servus has been replaced with amīcus
d Syphāx servum habet. ego servum habeō has been replaced with mercātor vīnum habet. ego vīnum habeō

About the language 2
Most of the changes are to bring the content in line with what students are familiar with in Stage 4.

1 the English introduction has been slightly changed to make it clear that this is a new piece of language learning: 'In this Stage, you have met the following ways of asking questions in Latin.'
the examples are now:

- tū ānulum habēs? Do you have the ring?
- tū es Pompēiānus? Are you a Pompeian?
- cūr tū pecūniam quaeris? Why are you looking for money?
- quis estū? Who are you?
- quid tū in urbe agis? What do you do in the city?
- ubi est ānulus? Where is the ring?

2 the further examples have been edited in the following ways:
b āthlēta ille has been replaced with artifex
c discum has been replaced with pecūniam
$d$ from the UK4th edition has been deleted
d ubi sunt mercātōrēs? has been replaced with ubi est mercātor?
equid quaeris, domina? has been replaced with quid tū quaeris, Melissa?
$g$ from the UK4th edition has been deleted
g cēnam parās? has had tū added
h ubi sumus? has been replaced with ubi es tū?

## Stage Five

Model Sentences
In 3 , servus has been replaced with amīcus
In 4, servī has been replaced with amīcī

## Narratives

The stories in this Stage are largely unchanged.
āctōrēs
Lucia has been added to the narrative.

- lines 14-15 Clēmēns et Melissa ad theātrum contendunt has been replaced with Quīntus et Lūcia ad theātrum contendunt. Clēmēns et Melissa ad theātrum currunt.

There are some changes to the glossing for this story:

- iuvenēs young people (changed from young men)
- ōtiōsī on holiday, taking time off (changed from on holiday, idle)
- ad theātrum contendunt hurry to the theatre is glossed as a phrase
- clāmor noise, shouting (changed from shout, uproar)
- petunt make for, head for (changed from make for, seek)
- discēdunt depart, leave has been added


## Poppaea

The tone of the end of this story has been changed slightly.

- line 26 (exit Lucriō. amīcus villam intrat.) has been replaced with (exit Lucriō.) Poppaea: euge! Lucriō abest! (amīcus vīllam intrat)
- Ending Grumiō: ubi est dominus tuus? Poppaea: Lucriō abest. Grumiō: euge! has been deleted

There are some changes to the glossing for this story:

- sēmisomnus half asleep (changed from half-asleep)
- per viam along the road has been added
- tū facis you are making (changed from tū clāmōrem facis you are making a noise)
- tū vexās you are annoying (changed from you annoy)
- fābulam agunt are acting out a play (changed from act a play)
- abest is out has been moved
- tū dīcis you say has been removed
- runt rush has been removed
- mea columba my dove, my darling (changed from my dove, my dear)
- dēliciae meae my sweetheart (changed from my darling)


## About the Language

## About the language 1

1 puella has been replaced with filia, and servus has been replaced with amīcus

2 servus and servī have been replaced with amīcus and amīcī

## About the language 2

1 servus and servī have been replaced with amīcus and amīcī
servus and servī have been replaced with amīcus and amīcī
servī has been replaced with amīcī, and amīcī has been replaced with filiī
5 the further examples have been edited as follows:
a amīcus and amīcī have been replaced with fîlius and fīliī
d vēnālīciī and vēnālīcius have been replaced with argentāriī and argentārius.
e ancilla and ancillae have been replaced with fillia and filiae

6 has been added, including examples with est and sunt

## Stage Six

Model Sentences

- In 1, servī has been replaced with amīcī
- In 3, Grumiō has been replaced with Caecilius
- In 4, coquus has been replaced with argentārius
- In 5, Clēmēns has been replaced with Barbillus
- In 6, Clēmentem has been replaced with Barbillum
- In 9, Clēmentem has been replaced with Caecilium
- In 11, servī has been replaced with amīcī
- In 12, servī has been replaced with amīcī


## Narratives

The stories in this stage have been edited lightly to ensure the active inclusion of Lucia and Metella in the household.
pugna

- lines 5-6 has been replaced with mercātōrem, and Graecus with mercātōr Fēlīx
- line 5 Lūcia in ātriō stābat. Fēlīx Lūciam salūtāvit has been added
- lines 6-7 Caecilius in hortōscrībēbat has been replaced with Caecilius in hortōlegēbat
- line 7 Metella in hortō sedēbat. has been replaced with Metella in tablīnō scrībēbat

There are some changes to the glossing for this story:

- in tabernā in an inn is glossed
- valdē commōtus very moved, very shaken (changed from very moved, very much affected)
- paene lacrimābat was almost crying (changed from was almost crying, was almost in tears)
- excitāvit woke up (changed from aroused, woke up)
- tōtam rem nārrāvit told the whole story glossed as a phrase

Fēlīx et fūr

- line 1 post cēnam Quīntus rogāvit, has been replaced with post cēnam Lūcia rogāvit
- line 22 Quīntus: sed quis erat īnfāns? has been replaced with Lūcia: sed quis erat īnfāns?

There are some changes to the glossing for this story:

- administrābat was managing (changed from was looking after)
- in cubiculō in a bedroom no longer glossed
- tacitē quietly, silently (changed from quietly)
- vāgīvit wailed (changed from cried, wailed)


## About the Language

1 the English introduction has been reworded slightly, and servus and servī have been replaced with amīcus and amīcī

2 servī has been replaced with amicī, coquus has been replaced with puella
4 Caecilius est in tablīnō has been replaced with Lūcia est in tablīnō; servī sunt in culīnā has been replaced with fēminae sunt in hortō; Caecilius erat in forō has been replaced with Lūciaerat in forō; and servī erant in viā has been replaced with fēminae erant in viā

## Stage Seven

Model Sentences

New sentences inserted at 4: poēta trīclīnium intrāvit. versum recitāvit.

## Narratives

Most changes in this Stage are for greater integration of Metella in the life of the household. There is one major change: the story Metella et Melissa has been removed and replaced with a new story, Melissa trīstis which outlines the enslavement of Melissa.
fābula mīrābilis

- line 1 multī amīcī cum Caeciliō cēnābant has been replaced with multī amīcī cum Caeciliō et cum Metellā cēnābant

There are some changes to the glossing for this story:

- aderat was there is now glossed
- silva wood, forest (changed from wood)
- centuriōnem cōnspexit caught sight of a centurion is glossed as a phrase
- tunicam dēposuit took off his tunic is glossed as a phrase
- inspexit examined, inspected (changed from looked at, examined)
- ille that is now glossed

Decēns

- line 1 Caecilius et hospitēs plausērunt. has been replaced with omnēs plausērunt
- lines 1-2 tum omnēs tacēbant replaced with tum hospitēs tacēbant
- lines 27-29 servus primus now speaks the lines from Clēmēns clāmōrem audīvit to erat mortuus
- lines 30-34 Metella now speaks the final paragraph from ego rem intellegō to necāvit

There are some changes to the glossing for this story:

- hospitēs guests is now the second gloss
- plausērunt applauded is now the first gloss
- tacēbant became quiet, fell silent (changed from were silent)
- gladium vibrābat was waving a sword is now glossed as a phrase
- nōtissimus very famous (changed from very well-known)


## post cēnam

- line 1 postquam Caecilius rem explicāvit, replaced with postquam Metella rem explicāvit
- lines 9-10 Caecilius tamen clāmōrem nōn audīvit, quod in cubiculō dormiēbat has been replaced with Caecilius et Metella tamen clāmōrem nōn audīverunt, quod in cubiculō dormiēbant

There are some changes to the glossing for this story:

- prōcēdēbant were proceeding (changed from were proceeding, were advancing)
- sollicitī troubled, anxious (changed from worried, anxious)

Metella et Melissa
This story has been removed and replaced by the new story Melissa trīstis.

## About the Language

## About the language 1

2 the wording In Stage 7, you have met a shorter way of saying this has been replaced with In this Stage you met a shorter way of saying this
the example ancilla in ātriō stābat. dominum salūtāvit has been replaced with Lūcia in ātriō stābat. amīcum salūtāvit

4
the Further examples have been edited as follows:
a Grumiō in culīnā labōrābat. cēnam parābat has been replaced with Cerberus in culīnā stābat. cibum spectābat
f puellae in viā stābant. lupumaudīvērunt has been added

## About the language 2

1 the example amīcī in urbe dormīvērunt has been replaced with amīcī in tabernā dormīvērunt

2 a note has been added * 'it' and 'they' (singular) are also possible for any ' $s / h e$ ' form of the verb

3 the wording has been changed slightly: by looking it up in the 'Vocabulary' part of the Language information section has been replaced with by looking it up in the Vocabulary part of the Language Information section at the back of this book

## Stage Eight

Model Sentences
In 4, servī has been replaced with mercātōrēs

## Narratives

The stories gladiātōrēs and in arēnā have been combined into a single story named gladiātōrēs which contains narrative elements from both stories.
vēnātiō

- lines 21-22 Pompēiānī tamen gladiōs suōs dēstrīnxērunt has been replaced with Pompēiānītamen gladiōs cēpērunt

There are some changes to the glossing for this story:

- ferōcēs fierce, ferocious is now glossed
- contentī satisfied is now glossed
- bēstiāriī beast fighters is now glossed
- spectāculum rīdiculum ridiculous spectacle is now glossed as a phrase
- suōs there is no longer glossed (word removed from story)
- dēstrīnxērunt drew is no longer glossed (word removed from story)

The questions which accompany the story have been adapted.
pāstor et leō
This story has been removed from the main narrative section and moved to Practising the language.

## Quīntus audāx

This is a new story describing the events when Quintus went hunting with Caecilius and Felix.

About the Language

## About the language 1

1 dominus servum vituperābat has been replaced with coquus amīcum vīsitābat
a call out box has been inserted directing students to About the language in Stage 2 on nominative and accusative nouns

2 dominus servōs vituperābat has been replaced with coquus amīcōs vīsitābat

3 the tabulation of servus has been replaced with amīcus
4 the Further examples have been edited as follows:
a agricola has been replaced in both sentences with nauta
b servus agricolam interfēcit. servus agricolās interfēcit has been replaced with amīcus nautam vituperābat. amīcus nautās vituperābat
c servōs has been replaced with amīcōs
g amīcī ancillam salūtāvērunt has been replaced with fēminae cibum gustāvērunt

About the language 2
1 wording has changed slightly: bold type has been replaced with bold
2 the Further examples have been edited as follows:
c amīcus has been replaced with fillia

## Stage Nine

## Model Sentences

- In 4, Quīntus discum novum ferēbat. Quīntus amīcīs discum ostendit has been replaced with amīcī, postquam apodytērium intrāvērunt, tunicās dēpōnēbant
- In 5, postquam Quīntus discum ēmīsit, discus statuam percussit has been replaced with amīcī in caldāriō sedēbant. servī amīcīs oleum et strigilēs ferēbant
- In 6, ēheu! statua nāsum frāctum habēbat has been replaced with euge! thermae amīcōs valdē dēlectābant
- In 10, quod diem nātālem celebrābat has been removed.
- In 12, ancilla has been replaced with Poppaea, and ancillae has been replaced with Poppaeae


## Narratives

in palaestrā
The Latin for this story remains largely unchanged.

- line 10 porticus ingēns has been replaced with porticus longa
- line 12 āthlēta ingēns has been replaced with ingēns āthlēta

There are some changes to the glossing for this story:

- posuērunt have put up (changed from have placed, have put up)
- porticus longa long colonnade has been added
- āthlēta ille that athlete no longer glossed
- prōcessit proceeded, advanced no longer glossed
- ēmīsit threw no longer glossed
- rediit went back (changed from came back)
- meus mine has been added
- percussit struck no longer glossed

The questions which accompany the story have been adapted.
in tabern $\bar{a}$

This story has been turned into a script.
There are some changes to the glossing for this story:

- domina madam, my lady (changed from madam)
- hae these glossed separately from togae
- sordidae dirty, filthy (changed from dirty)
- splendidae splendid now glossed
- cupiō I want no longer glossed
- ego tibi maximās grātiās agō thank you very much (changed from I thank you very much)
in apodytēriō
The Latin for this story has not changed.

There are some changes to the glossing for this story:

- dīligenter carefully is now glossed
- parce! have pity! (changed from spare me! have pity on me!)
- audiunt listen to no longer glossed


## About the Language

1 Clēmēns puellae vīnum offerēbat has been replaced with Metella fïliae cibum offerēbat
iuvenis servō pecūniam trādidit has been replaced with senex amīcō dōnum quaerēbat
dominus mercātōrī statuam ēmit has been replaced with Caecilius mercātōrī statuam ēmit

Grumiō ancillīs cēnam parāvit has been replaced with māter puellīs pecūniam trādidit
servī leōnibus cibum dedērunt has been replaced with iuvenēsleōnibus cibum dedērunt
servus dormiēbat has been replaced with amīcus dormiēbat dominus servum excitāvit has been replaced with mercātor amīcum excitāvit
dominus servō signum dedit has been replaced with mercātor amīcō signum dedit
the English has been slightly edited:
bold type has been replaced with bold
the word cases has been removed
tabulation of servus has been replaced with amīcus
4
the Further examples have been edited as follows:
a ancilla dominō cibum ostendit has been replaced with amīcus Caeciliō vīnum ostendit
c servus has been replaced with mercātor
d mercātor has been replaced with senex
e ancillīs has been replaced with fîliīs

## Stage Ten

Model Sentences
In 4, pictōrēs has been replaced with artificēs
Narratives
contrōversia
There are no changes to the Latin in this story.
There are some changes to the glossing for this story:

- ībant were going no longer glossed
- nūntiābat was announcing is now glossed
- minimē! definitely not! no! (changed from no!)
- barbarōs foreigners, barbarians (changed from barbarians)
- maximum imperium very big empire is glossed as a phrase
- pācem servāmus keep the peace is glossed as a phrase
- turbulentī unruly, disruptive is now glossed
- pontēs aedificāmus build bridges is glossed as a phrase
- maior bigger (changed from maior quam greater than, bigger than)
- tacuērunt fell silent is now glossed
- miserandī pitiful, pathetic (changed from pathetic, pitiful)
- legitis read is no longer glossed
statuae
- lines 1-7 these lines have been rewritten
- line 15 'quam pulchra est puella!' has been replaced with 'quam pulcher est iuvenis!'
'dā mihi puellam! has been replaced with 'dā mihi eum!'
- line 16 'minimē! frāter, dā mihi puellam!' has been replaced with 'minimē! frāter, dāmihiiuvenem!'
- line 19 The second abīte! has been removed
- lines 19-20 ego statuās retineō has been replaced with statuās retineō!
- line 28 iuvenis erat pictor has been replaced with iuvenis erat artifex
- line 28 ego mihi puellam dō, quod ego sum sōlus! has been removed
- lines 33-34 Diodōrus ad Quīntum cucurrit. puer Quīntō pictūram dedit has been added

There are some changes to the glossing for this story:

- institor pedlar, street vendor has been removed
- ad eōs cucurrērunt ran towards them is glossed as a phrase
- fēlīcēs lucky, fortunate (changed from lucky)
- quam pulcher how handsome (changed from quam! how!)
- dissentiēbant began to argue (changed from were arguing)
- stultissimī very stupid no longer glossed
- in terram dēiēcit threw onto the ground is glossed as a phrase
- sōlus lonely no longer glossed
- vōsne estis contentī? are you satisfied? no longer glossed
- Graeculī poor Greeks no longer glossed
- artificēs artists no longer glossed
- praemium reward, prize (changed from profit, reward)


## ānulus Aegyptius

This story has been moved to Practising the language. It has been replaced here
with the new story Lūcia et Alexander.

About the Language

## About the language 1

2 there is now a note: * 'it' and 'they' (singular) are also possible for any ' $s / h e$ ' form of the verb

5 nōs sumus iuvenēs is now translated as We are young people, and an asterisk has been added to $s /$ he is directing to the note in 2

## About the language 2

There have been no changes to this About the language.

## Stage Eleven

Model Sentences

There are no changes to the Latin in these sentences. The illustrations have been redrawn.

Narratives

Now Quintus and Lucia can be seen taking an interest in the political life of the town. Just like the candidates, Metella and Caecilius have also been looking to make connections in Pompeii: marriage is being arranged for Lucia.

## Marcus et Quārtus and Sulla

These stories have been replaced by a new story, titulī, in which Lucia and Quintus argue over who is the best candidate in the elections.

## Lūcius Spurius Pompōniānus

The Latin for this story is unchanged.

There are some changes to the glossing for this story:

- ad amphitheātrum convenīmus are meeting at the amphitheatre is glossed as a phrase
- tēcum with you is now glossed
- dīvīsor divisor (agent hired to distribute bribes) (changed from (hired to distribute bribes at elections))
- amīcissimī very friendly, very good friends no longer glossed
- tacē! be quiet! (changed from shut up! be quiet!)
- manē! wait! stay here! now glossed
- asinus donkey now glossed
- caudex blockhead, idiot no longer glossed
- commīsērunt began now glossed
- noster our now glossed
- ibi there no longer glossed

Lūcia et Metella
This is a new story in this Stage.
About the Language
About the language 1
1 the example mercātor Metellae togam trādidit has been replaced with Quīntus amīcīs discumostendit, and Grumiō hospitibus cēnam parābat has been replaced with Metella filiō dōnum quaerēbat
a call out box has been inserted directing students to About the language in Stage 9 on dative nouns

About the language 2
In the UK 4th Edition, this About the language focuses on ways of asking questions. This content has been moved to Stage 4. There is a new About the language here looking at prepositional phrases.

## Stage Twelve

## Model Sentences

These changes reflect the new characters in the stories so far. The illustrations have been changed to match.

- In 1, Syphāx et Celer has been replaced with Clāra et Fēlīx
- In 2, Syphāx has been replaced with Clāra
- In 3, Celer Syphācī respondit has been replaced with Fēlīx artificī respondit
- In 5, ‘ego in forō eram' has been removed
- In 7, Marcus et Quārtus has been replaced with Thrasymachus et Diodorus, and Sulla has been replaced with Alexander
- In 8, Sulla has been replaced with Alexander
- In 9, Sullae has been replaced with Alexandrō


## Narratives

Caecilius' friend, Iulius, has been replaced with Barbillus. Lucia is integrated into the narrative. Metella no longer simply vanishes but is seen to have perished alongside Caecilius.

## tremōrēs

- line 1 Caecilius cum Iūliō cēnābat has been replaced with Caecilius cum amīcō cēnābat
- line 1 Iūlius has been replaced with amīcus
- line 2 amīcus erat Barbillus, mercātor dīves has been inserted
- line 3 Iūlius Caeciliō dīxit has been replaced with Barbillus Caeciliō dīxit
- line 9 rogāvit Iūlius has been replaced with rogāvit mercātor
- line 10 Caecilius Iūliō respondit has been replaced with Caecilius Barbillō respondit
- line 13 clāmāvit Iūlius has been replaced with clāmāvit mercātor
- line 22 servus Iūliō dīxit has been replaced with servus Barbillō dīxit
- line 28 dominō et Iūliō has been replaced with dominō et Barbillō

There are some changes to the glossing for this story:
tremōrēs earth tremors (changed from tremors)
dīves rich is now glossed
epistulās letters is no longer glossed
vōsne timēbātis? were you afraid? is now glossed
familiam household is no longer glossed
larārium lararium (shrine of the household gods) (changed from shrine of the household gods)
laribus household gods is no longer glossed
The questions which accompany the story have been adapted.
ad urbem

- line 6 rogāvit Iūlius has been replaced with rogāvit Barbillus
- line 12 ubi Metella et Quīntus manēbant has been replaced with ubi Metella manēbat
- line 12 Quīntus mē ad tē mīsit has been replaced with Metella mē ad tē mīsit
- line 14 Iūlius et Clēmēns quoque ad urbem festīnāvērunt has been replaced with mercātor et Clēmēns quoque ad urbem festīnāvērunt
- line 23 'Metellam et Quīntum quaerō' has been replaced with 'Metellam et līberōs quaerō’
- line 23 tū Metellam vīdistī? has been replaced with tūne Metellam vīdistī?
- lines 23-24 Quīntum cōnspexistī has been replaced with Quīntum et Lūciam cōnspexistī
- line 31-33 ego uxōrem meam āmīsī! has been replaced with ego familiam meam āmīsī!

There are some changes to the glossing for this story:

- vīlicō farm manager (changed from farm manager, bailiff)
- sonōs sounds (changed from noises)
- filiae daughters no longer glossed
ad villam
- line 2 Caecilius et amīcī has been replaced with Caecilius et cēterī
- line 6 subitō Iūlius exclāmāvit has been replaced with subitō Barbillus exclāmāvit
- lines 8-9 Clēmēns Iūlium ad templum proximum portāvit has been replaced with Clēmēns mercātōrem ad templum proximum portāvit
- lines 10-11 'tū Iūlium servāvisti’' has been replaced with 'tū amīcum meum servāvisti’
- lines 13-14 Clēmēns cum Iūliō in templō manēbat. tandem Iūlius respīrāvit has been replaced with Clēmēns cum Barbillō in templō manēbat. tandem mercātor respīrāvit
- line 16 servus Iūliō respondit has been replaced with Clēmēns Barbillō respondit
- line 17 postquam tū in terram dēcidistī has been replaced with postquam tū in terram cecidistī
- line 19-20 inquit Iūlius has been replaced with inquit mercātor
- line 22 clāmāvit Iūlius has been replaced with clāmāvit Barbillus
- line 23 Metella et Quīntus mortuī sunt has been replaced with Metella et līberī mortuī sunt
- line 24 tū mēcum venīs? has been replaced with tū ad dominum tuum festīnā!
- end: 'minimē, amīce!' Clēmēns Iūliō respondit. 'ego dominum meum quaerō!' has been removed

There are some changes to the glossing for this story:

- cēterī the others is now glossed
- dēnsissima very thick is now glossed
- nōn valeō don't feel well is now glossed as a phrase
- cecidit fell is now glossed
- dēcidit fell down is no longer glossed
- templum proximum nearest temple is now glossed as a phrase
- optimē very well is now glossed
- respīrāvit recovered consciousness (changed from recovered breath, recovered consciousness)
- dea İsis goddess Isis (Egyptian deity) is now glossed
finis
- line 4 sed obstinātē vīllam petīvit has been replaced with sed vīllam petīvit
- line 7 et dominum suum vocāvit has been replaced with Caecilium vocāvit
- lines 10-11 Caecilius in tablīnō moribundus iacēbat has been replaced with Caecilius erat moribundus. Metella prope eum immōta iacēbat
- lines 11-12 mūrus sēmirutus eum paene cēlābat has been replaced with mūrus sēmirutus eōs paene cēlābat
'Metellam nōn vīdī! Quīntum nōn vīdī!’ has been removed
- lines 16-18 subitō terra tremuit et pariēs in mē incidit has been replaced with uxōrem meam in tablīnō invēnī. sōla Metella mē exspectābat. subitō terra tremuit et pariēs in nōs incidit
- line 18 tū es servus fidēlis has been replaced with tū es servus bonus et fidēlis
- line 19 Metella et Quīntus periērunt has been replaced with Metella periit
- line 21 in tablīnō obstinātē manēbat has been replaced with in tablīnō manēbat
- lines 23-24 fortasse Quīntus superfuit has been replaced with fortasse Quīntus et Lūcia superfuērunt
- line 26 Clēmēns dominō trīste 'valē' dīxit has been replaced with Clēmēns dominō ‘valē’ dīxit

There are some changes to the glossing for this story:

- obstinātē stubbornly has been removed
- sēnsim gradually (changed from slowly, gradually)
- pariēs (inside) wall (changed from wall)
- periit has died, has perished (changed from periērunt have died, have perished)
- superfuērunt have survived (changed from superfuit has survived)
- quaere! look for! now glossed
- trīste sadly no longer glossed
- mānsit stayed, remained now glossed


## About the Language

1 there is a note: * 'it' and 'they' (singular) are also possible for any 's/he' form of the verb
a call out box has also been added, linking to Stage 6 About the language on imperfect and perfect tense verbs

2 the English has been slightly edited: In Stage $\mathbf{1 2}$ has been replaced with In this Stage
a call out box has been added linking to additional practice in About the language

